
Dossier 05 — Public administrations and the public sector

Audience: central government administrations, local authorities, public bodies, public services that deploy an AI tool for their staff or for the public (through a publisher that integrates ELYSÉA).

Identity: ethical cognitive infrastructure embeddable through an SDK; it does not talk, the administration's tool is what talks. ELYSÉA is neither a companion, nor a chatbot, nor a coach, nor a therapist, nor a wellness product, nor a medical device.

Status as of 2026-10-01: sales closed. No campaign results.

I. Their problem

- **Obligations specific to public authorities:** for a high-risk system, registration before use, otherwise they “shall not use that system” (translation) (AI Act art. 26 §8) [S-DRT-01]; high-risk systems already in service brought into compliance “by 2 August 2030 at the latest” (translation) [S-DRT-02].
- **Fundamental rights impact assessment** (art. 27) for public bodies that deploy a high-risk system; since 2026/1744, it may refer to the GDPR DPIA [S-DRT-02].
- **Transparency towards the public:** art. 50.1 [S-DRT-01]; in Switzerland, the person “has the right to know whether they are speaking or writing to a machine” (translation) (FDPIC) [S-DRT-12].
- **Prohibition of emotion inference at work** for its staff [S-DRT-01].
- **Sovereignty and transfers:** requirement of localisation and control over processors [S-DRT-03] (art. 28).

2. What they must understand, prove and use

Point	Reading	Source
High-risk qualification	ELYSÉA: no (no biometrics, no emergency call triage, no medical purpose); the administration's end use may be, to be qualified by it	holding-seb-docs:docs/juridique/AIPD_ - ELYSEA_2026-09-30.md:558@8560b37 · [S-DRT-01]
Art. 27 impact assessment	Does not apply to ELYSÉA; reusable if the qualification of the end use changes	holding-seb-docs:docs/juridique/AIPD_ - ELYSEA_2026-09-30.md:564@8560b37
Safety measurement	Require a published method, uncertainty, validated judges	[S-MES-01] [S-MES-12]
Voluntary commitments	AI Pact: governance strategy, high-risk mapping, AI literacy	[S-DRT-15]

3. Frequent objections and answers

Objection	Answer	Evidence
<i>Sovereign hosting?</i>	Firestore europe-west9 and Bedrock eu-west-3 on main; reservation : Supabase region eu-central-1 (Frankfurt), dashboard reading by Sébastien on 10-01 at 18:03, evidence M-11 to be attached; paths to providers possibly outside the EU, being removed — OpenAI fallback, vector memory, voice (OpenAI TTS, Deepgram; removal from the brain decided on 10-01 at 11:27); reservation maintained until the deployment is verified. ELYSÉA does not call itself sovereign.	elysea-core:firebase.json:4@a5b9780e · holding-seb-docs:docs/juridique/AIPD_ - ELYSEA_2026-09-30.md:48@8560b37
<i>Dependence on an American model provider?</i>	Four families of providers can be routed to; the administration will choose its model once BYOK is wired (not available today).	elysea-core:functions/src/core/byok/ - byokAllowList.ts:10-15@a5b9780e · elysea-web:src/lib/publicFacts.ts:66-67@ - 00c9c89
<i>Auditability for the Court of Audit or an inspector?</i>	Per-response attestation with the build fingerprint, audit log kept for 6 months then purged (Sébastien's decision of 09-30).	elysea-core:functions/src/core/attestation/ - interactionAttestor.ts:4@a5b9780e · elysea-core:functions/src/core/sdk/ - sdkGuardianAuditHandler.ts:3@a5b9780e
<i>Your public servants in distress?</i>	Referral to public resources, without taking charge.	elysea-core:functions/src/core/guardian/ - canonGuardian.ts:70@a5b9780e
<i>What performance?</i>	to be measured — campaign in progress	—

4. What ELYSÉA does for them

- Control before and after the model (elysea-core:functions/src/core/security/owaspInputGuard.ts:5@a5b9780e, elysea-core:functions/src/core/pipeline/validateLLMResponse.ts:1094@a5b9780e).
- Prohibitions that the publisher cannot switch off (elysea-core:functions/src/endpoints/sdkSurface.ts:139@ - a5b9780e).
- Emotions locked (elysea-core:functions/src/core/sdk/sdkAppService.ts:68@a5b9780e).
- Trace per response (P-o8).

5. Compliance

- **Public servants:** the CSE (L2312-8 [S-DRT-04]) falls under private law. **Decision (most protective option):** the administration consults its competent staff representative body before deployment, as a company would.
- **Public procurement:** require in the specifications the supplier's DPIA, the register, the list of processors and their regions (`holding-seb-docs:docs/juridique/REGISTRE_TRAITEMENTS_2026-09-30.md:3@8560b37`).
- **Switzerland:** the FADP applies directly to AI [S-DRT-12] [S-DRT-13].
- **Entity:** the project holder is a Geneva sole proprietorship not yet registered. **Decision:** no response to a public tender before registration.

6. Path

1. Qualification of the end use (high-risk or not) by the administration.
2. DPIA (and art. 27 if high-risk).
3. Consultation of the staff body.
4. Pilot with a publisher, test key.
5. Contract or agreement after the entity is registered.

7. Offer and pricing

Teams grid to equip staff: €30 / 18 / 9.60 per seat per year depending on total volume (`elysea-web:src/lib/-publicFacts.ts:49-56@00c9c89`). Builder grid for a service to the public (`elysea-web:src/lib/publicFacts.ts:44-47@-00c9c89`). Sales closed.

8. Concrete next step

Joint reading by the DPO and the CIO of the ELYSÉA DPIA and of the register. No bid for a tender before the entity is registered.

Dossier sources

[S-DRT-01](#) · [S-DRT-02](#) · [S-DRT-03](#) · [S-DRT-04](#) · [S-DRT-12](#) · [S-DRT-13](#) · [S-DRT-15](#) · [S-MES-01](#) · [S-MES-12](#)